

Securing Databases in the Cloud

A Look at the Security Features of Helios by MemSQL



Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Securing the Database in the Cloud	3
Architecture	3
Connectivity	4
Encryption	5
Authentication	6
Workload Isolation	6
Logging and Monitoring	6
Business Continuity & Disaster Recovery	7
Conclusion	7



Securing the Database in the Cloud

The number of SaaS based workloads will grow from 78 million in 2015 to 380 million by 2021. Following this trend, businesses are also moving their databases to hosted solutions. As businesses entrust our data to third party solutions we increase the risk around the storage of Personal Identifiable Information (PII), financial and banking information (PCI), and protected health information (PHI). It becomes increasingly important for MemSQL to demonstrate to our customers, and your customers, that we put security at the heart of our business and are building a solution that offers both performance and protection.

MemSQL Capabilities



MemSQL

FEATURE CATEGORY	
Encryption at rest	•
Encryption in transit	•
Customer Isolation	•
Logging & Monitoring	•
Back Ups	•



Architecture

The following diagram shows the high level architecture of Helios by MemSQL, highlighting the relevant security features:

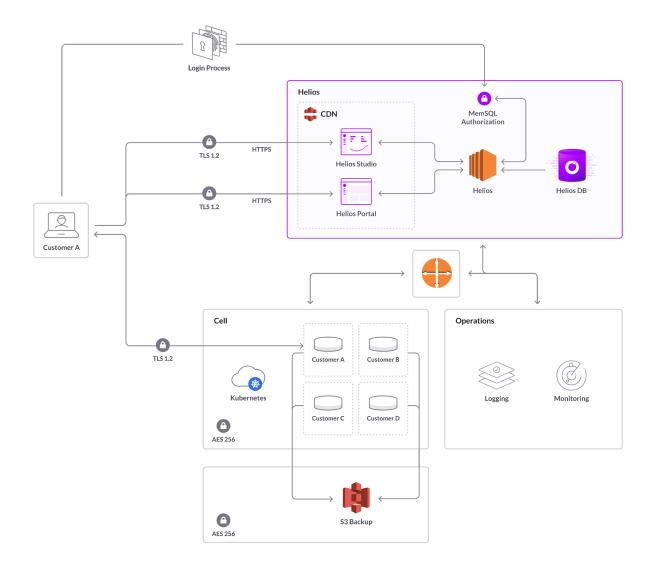


Figure 1. Helios Security Architecture



Connectivity

The privacy of your data is important to us. We don't want our mail opened or our phone calls listened to. We don't want people we don't trust to know where we are going or how we are getting there. Similarly we want to ensure our data and the data entrusted to us gets from you to us in a secure and efficient manner.

We empower our customers to secure their data from attackers. We use a layered approach to security, starting with IP whitelisting to ensure only devices you trust, and have given access to, can access your cluster or your data. We then ensure that the data passing between your trusted devices and Helios is encrypted with TLS 1.2 to protect it from being intercepted during transit. *Unless you explicitly grant access to your data then they cannot gain access to it.*

The roadmap for Helios includes PrivateLink for customers on Amazon Web Services (AWS), which will further increase the ease of forming connections and increase scalability.

Encryption

Data is personal and invaluable to us as individuals but data has also become the world's most valuable commodity and we give much of it for free through social media and the rise of connected devices. That said, we don't shout our credit card numbers on the street, nor do we put up flyers detailing the personal information we don't want others to know. We expect businesses to value our data the way we do and to protect it from others.

Encryption encapsulates the processes and controls used to ensure our data remains inaccessible to unauthorized users and to protect our data between the end user, client apps, and servers involved. Let's think of it like a bicycle. At MemSQL we like bikes. When we travel with our bikes we put them in special boxes and lock those boxes so no one can steal our valuable property while it's in transit. Then when we get to our destination we lock our bike anytime we aren't using it so no one can steal it while we aren't looking. That's protection in transit and protection at rest. In accordance with best practice MemSQL applies both encryption to data in transit and data at rest.

Data in transit - For all connections to the database MemSQL supports TLS 1.2. Transport Layer Security (TLS) uses a combination of symmetric and asymmetric encryption focusing on the uses of key pairs, a public key and a private key.



Data at Rest - MemSQL utilises the best practice solution provided by the cloud hosting partner, this is AES-256 for AWS, Google Cloud and Azure. This is an encryption algorithm using a 256 bit key length and is currently the strongest encryption algorithm available.

Authentication

Authentication is the process of verifying an individual or device. It ensures that the data that matters to you and your customers is only accessed and viewed by individuals and devices to which you have granted permission.

Helios Portal authenticates with your MemSQL account using secure JWTauthentication. This is then shared across the Helios Portal and associated forums. Let's talk about Bob. Bob wants to buy a beer at a concert. Bob first goes to the wristband tent (Identity Provider), where an employee verifies his identity and that he meets the requirements to buy a beer. If he does he will get a wristband. Bob then walks over to the beer tent (Service Provider) who has the beer Bob actually wants. The beer vendor sees Bob's wristband and hands him a beer.

MemSQL provides a customer admin with the power to provision and control access within their organization and to take responsibility for who can see what and when.

Workload Isolation

No one wants to share a private dinner conversation with the table next to them, and we know our customers don't want to share their data and workloads with other businesses. Helios is powered by Kubernetes, ensuring clusters are isolated from each other and guaranteeing both confidentiality and integrity of your data.

Some customers host data or adhere to specific regulations that require additional isolation controls. Customers requiring full isolation can obtain a dedicated environment for additional cost.

Logging and Monitoring

With data being today's currency it's important to know who can access it, who has viewed it, and why. MemSQL currently has access to all internal logs ensuring there is a full audit trail.



MemSQL will be exposing cluster logging and monitoring to customers in the future to enable you to proactively understand the activity within your cluster and react to suspicious or abnormal behaviours.

Business Continuity & Disaster Recovery

Disasters happen in our daily lives. We have all lost something at some point and wished we had made a copy of it. To protect against data loss all data stored within Helios is backed up daily and retained for seven days. The data is stored in S3 to provide assurances in case the need arises.

Conclusion

Data security is a core fundamental at MemSQL, and we leverage best-in-class methods for ensuring data is protected throughout its lifecycle. In addition to the systems and practices we have already implemented for data security, we have continued investment in measures and certifications to ensure MemSQL stays on the cutting edge of security. In addition to this, we are currently advancing our service toward reaching ISO 27001 and SOC 2 in the near future, as well as tackling complex issues such as GDPR and CCPA.